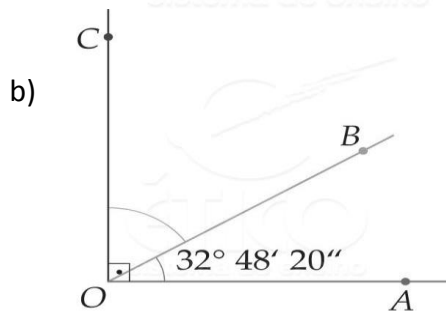
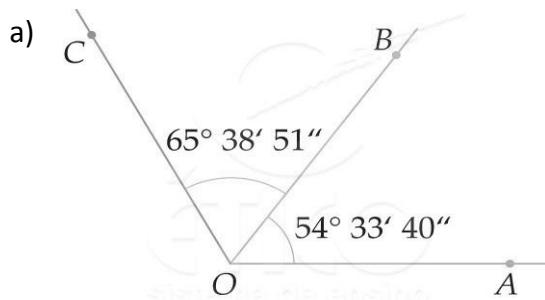
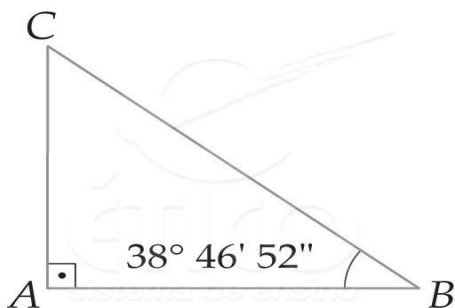


Atividades capítulo: 14

1º) Segundo os dados das figuras, determine as medidas dos ângulos $\hat{A}ÔC$ e $\hat{B}ÔC$:



2º) Determine a medida do ângulo C :



3º) Decomponha e reescreva os ângulos seguintes usando graus, minutos e segundos:

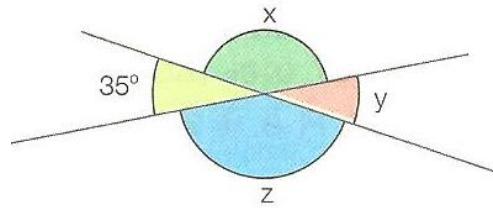
a) $180^\circ =$

b) $90^\circ =$

c) $100^\circ =$

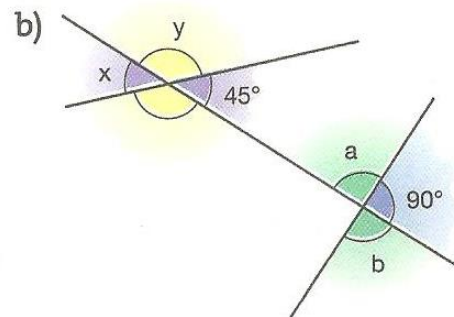
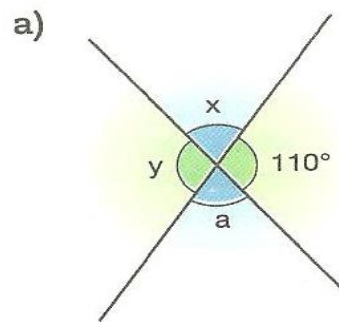
d) Sendo o ângulo $x = 32^\circ 52' 92''$, escreva $\frac{x}{4}$.

4º) (Saresp) Considere os ângulos de medidas x , y e z graus, indicados na figura:

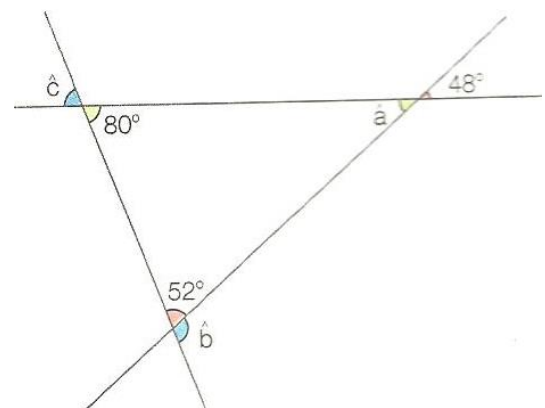


É verdade que: $x - y = 110^\circ$?

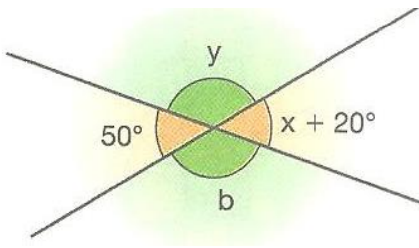
5º) Calcule as medidas x e y , a e b nas figuras.



6º) Calcule os ângulos: a , b e c :



7º) Calcule a diferença $y - x$:

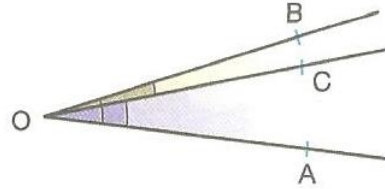


11º) Na figura a seguir, $\text{med}(\widehat{A\hat{O}B}) = 24^\circ 12' 36''$.

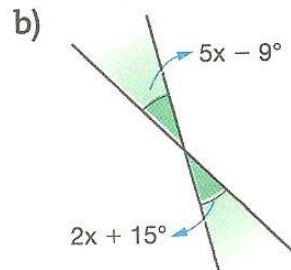
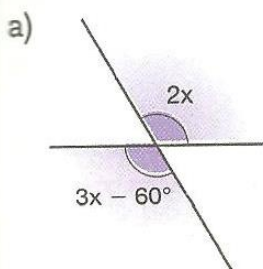
Se $\text{med}(\widehat{A\hat{O}C}) = \frac{3}{4} \text{med}(\widehat{A\hat{O}B})$, então o ângulo

$\widehat{B\hat{O}C}$ mede:

d.



8º) Determine o valor de x nas figuras:



9º) Se a soma das medidas de dois ângulos é 150° e a medida de um deles é o dobro da medida do outro, então o menor deles mede:

a) 40° b) 50° c) 80° d) 150°

10º) (UFMG) A diferença entre os ângulos dos ponteiros de um relógio que marca 2h30min e de outro que marca 1h é:

a) 75° b) 90° c) 105° d) 135°